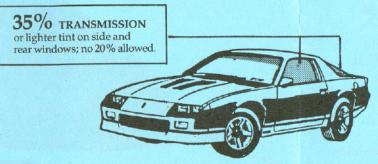
HAWAII'S PROGRESSIVE AUTO GLASS TINTING LAW:

HISTORIC LEGISLATION: On July 14, 1983 Governor George Ariyoshi signed Hawaii's new tint law into being. This landmark bill defines what kinds of tint can be used and where they can be applied.

PROTECTION AND SAFETY: The principle benefit was to provide motorists with protection from the intense Hawaiian sun while maintaining safe levels of visibility for all. Combined with new high-tech light meters, this legislation will allow you to safely enjoy the comfort, safety and security of auto glass tinting.



CARS: 35% TRANSMISSION ALL 'ROUND

Basically, the Driver's and Passenger's windows of *any* kind of vehicle must *pass* (transmit) a *minimum* of 35% available light. (65% of the light is blocked.) Passenger Cars must have 35% Transmission (or lighter) film on the side and rear windows. (See Front Windshield at right).

ENFORCEMENT: Annual light meter inspection at time of Safety Check. State law allows 35% (+/- 6%): Net reading no lower than 29% light transmission. Persons found to have illegal tint will not pass Safety Check.



TRUCKS: 35% TRANSMISSION ON DRIVER AND PASSENGER WINDOWS; 20% TRANSMISSION ON REAR SIDE AND BACK WINDOWS.

Driver and passenger windows must be tinted no darker than passenger cars (35%). Back side and rear windows can be tinted as dark as desired because some truck and van utility bodies have no side or back windows. **Two outside mirrors must be mounted.**



ANY % Tranmission may be applied at the top of the windshield down to the AS-1 mark. No tinting is allowed below this point. Vehicles without AS-1 can be tinted down to 4" from the top center.

